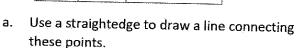
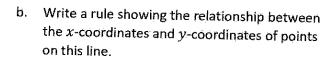
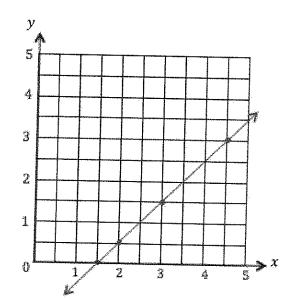
G5-M6-Lesson 7

1. Complete the chart. Then, plot the points on the coordinate plane.

	y	(x,y)
3	$1\frac{1}{2}$	$\left(3,1\frac{1}{2}\right)$
$1\frac{1}{2}$	0	$\left(1\frac{1}{2},0\right)$
2	$\frac{1}{2}$	$\left(2,\frac{1}{2}\right)$
$4\frac{1}{2}$	3	$\left(4\frac{1}{2},3\right)$







I could have also said that the y-coordinates are $1\frac{1}{2}$ less than the corresponding x-coordinates.

Each x-coordinate is $1\frac{1}{2}$ more than its corresponding y-coordinate.

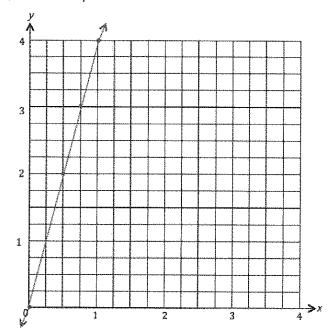
c. Name the coordinates of two other points that are also on this line.

$$\left(2\frac{1}{2},1\right)$$
 and $\left(5,3\frac{1}{2}\right)$

As long as the x-coordinate is $1\frac{1}{2}$ more than the y-coordinate, the point will fall on this line.

2. Complete the chart. Then, plot the points on the coordinate plane.

*	2	(x,y)
$\frac{3}{4}$	3	$\left(\frac{3}{4},3\right)$
1	4	(1,4)
$\frac{1}{2}$	2	$\left(\frac{1}{2},2\right)$
0	0	(0,0)



- a. Use a straightedge to draw a line connecting these points.
- b. Write a rule showing the relationship between the x-coordinates and y-coordinates for points on the line.

Each y-coordinate is four times as much as its corresponding x-coordinate.

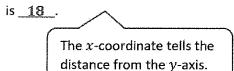
c. Name two other points that are also on this line.

$$(2,8)$$
 and $\left(\frac{5}{8},2\frac{1}{2}\right)$

This rule is also correct: Each x-coordinate is 1 fourth as much as its corresponding y-coordinate.

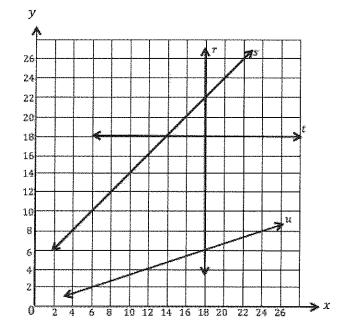
3. Use the coordinate plane to answer the following questions.

a. For any point on line r, the x-coordinate



b. Give the coordinates for 3 points that are on line *s*.

c. Write a rule that describes the relationship between the *x*-coordinates and *y*-coordinates on line *s*.



Each y-coordinate is 4 more than its corresponding x-coordinate.

I could also say, "Each x-coordinate is 4 less than the y-coordinate."

d. Give the coordinates for 3 points that are on line u.

(6,2) (12,4) (24,8)

e. Write a rule that describes the relationship between the x-coordinates and y-coordinates on line u. Each x-coordinate is 3 times as much as the y-coordinate.

I could also say, "Each y-coordinate is $\frac{1}{3}$ the value of the x-coordinate."

f. Each of these points lies on at least 1 of the lines shown in the plane above. Identify a line that contains the following points.

(18, 16.3) r (9.5, 13.5) s (16, $5\frac{1}{3}$)

All of the points on line t have a y-coordinate of 18.

All of the points on line r have an x-coordinate of 18.