G5-M6-Lesson 6

1. Plot and label the following points on the coordinate plane.

K(0.7, 0.6)

P(0.7, 1.1)

M(0.2, 0.3)

H(0.9, 0.3)

- a. Use a straightedge to construct line segments KP and MH.
- b. Name the line segment that is perpendicular to the x-axis and parallel to the y-axis.

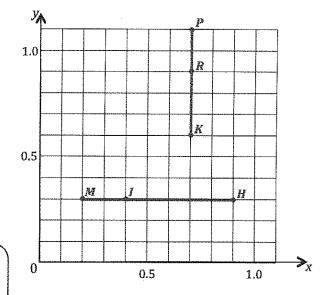
 \overline{KP}

Because the x-coordinates of K and P are the same, segment KP is parallel to the y-axis.

c. Name the line segment that is parallel to the x-axis and perpendicular to the y-axis.

MH

Because the y-coordinates of M and H are the same, segment MH is perpendicular to the y-axis.



- d. Plot a point on \overline{KP} , and name it R.
- e. Plot a point on \overline{MH} , and name it I.
- f. Write the coordinates for points R and I.

R(0.7,0.9)

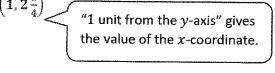
I(0.4,0.3)

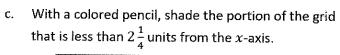
2. Construct line j such that the y-coordinate of every point is $2\frac{1}{4}$, and construct line k such that the x-coordinate of every point is $1\frac{3}{4}$.

> Since all the y-coordinates are the same, line j will be a horizontal line. Since all the x-coordinates are the same, line k will be a vertical line.

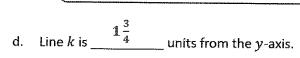
- Line j is $\frac{2^{\frac{1}{4}}}{4}$ units from the x-axis.
- Give the coordinates of the point on line j that is 1 unit from the y-axis.

 $\left(1,2^{\frac{1}{4}}\right)$ "1 unit from the y-axis" gives the value of the x-coordinate.





I use blue to shade the grid below line i.



- 2.0 1.0
- Give the coordinates of the point on line k that is $1\frac{1}{2}$ units from the x-axis.

 $(1\frac{3}{4}, 1\frac{1}{2})$ " $1\frac{1}{2}$ units from the x-axis" gives the value of the y-coordinate.

With another colored pencil, shade the portion of the grid that is less than $1\frac{3}{4}$ units from the y-axis.

I use pink to shade the grid to the left of line k. The area of the grid that is below line j and to the left of line k now looks purple.