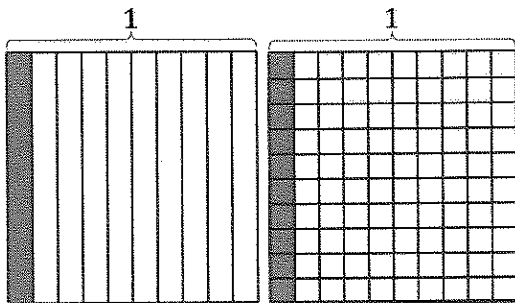


G4-M6-Lesson 5

1. Find the equivalent fraction using multiplication or division. Shade the area models to show the equivalency. Record it as a decimal.

a. $\frac{1 \times 10}{10 \times 10} = \frac{10}{100}$

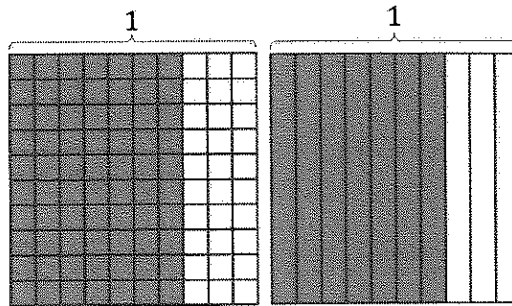
I multiply the number of tenths by 10 to get the number of hundredths.



There are 10 times as many hundredths as there are tenths.

b. $\frac{70 \div 10}{100 \div 10} = \frac{7}{10}$

I divide the number of hundredths by 10 to get the number of tenths.



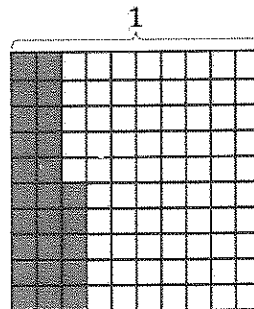
$\frac{7}{10}$ and $\frac{70}{100}$ are equivalent fractions.

2. Complete the number sentence. Shade the equivalent amount on the area model, drawing horizontal lines to make hundredths.

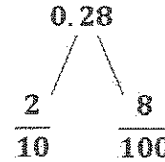
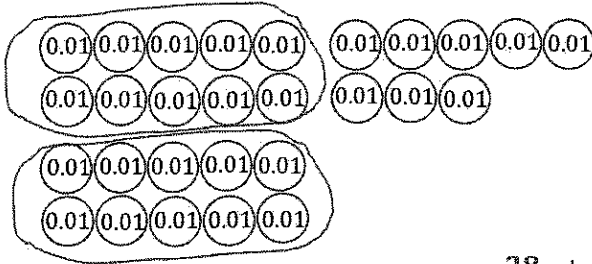
a. 25 hundredths = 2 tenths + 5 hundredths

b. Decimal Form: 0.25

c. Fraction Form: $\frac{25}{100}$



3. Circle hundredths to compose as many tenths as you can. Complete the number sentence. Represent the composition with a number bond.



28 hundredths = 2 tenths + 8 hundredths

I compose 10 hundredths to make 1 tenth because $\frac{1}{10} = \frac{10}{100}$.

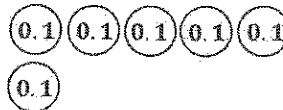
4. Use both tenths and hundredths place value disks to represent each number. Write the equivalent number in decimal, fraction, and unit form.

a. $\frac{54}{100} = 0.54$



54 hundredths

b. $\frac{60}{100} = 0.60$



60 hundredths

Since I know that $\frac{6}{10} = \frac{60}{100}$, it is more efficient to show 6 tenths than 60 hundredths.