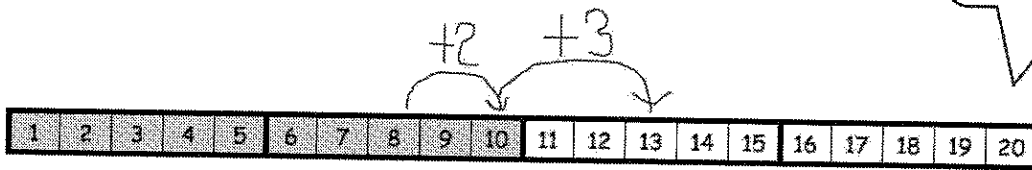


G1-M2-Lesson 19

1. Complete the subtraction sentence by using the take from ten strategy and count on.

I can use the number path to count up by making ten first.



$$13 - 8 = \underline{5}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ 10 \quad 3 \end{array}$$

$$8 + \underline{5} = 13$$

I can start at 8 and hop 2 squares to get to 10 and then hop 3 more to get to 13.  $2 + 3 = 5$ . That's just like when I take from the ten!  
 $10 - 8 = 2$ , and  $2 + 3 = 5$ .

2. Choose the count on strategy or the take from ten strategy to solve.

$$15 - 8 = \underline{7}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} \diagup \quad \diagdown \\ 10 \quad 5 \end{array}$$

$$12 - 8 = \underline{4}$$

(8) 9 10 11 12

I know 8 needs 2 to get to ten. 12 is  $10 + 2$ . I need 2 more to get to 12. I can add the 2 I need to get to ten and the 2 I need to get to 12 to find the answer.  
 $2 + 2 = 4$ .

3. Use a number bond to show how you solved using the take from ten strategy.

Benny ate 8 apple slices. If he started with 17, how many apple slices does he have left?

$$\begin{array}{r} 17 - 8 = \underline{9} \\ \swarrow \searrow \\ 10 \quad 7 \end{array}$$

$$\begin{array}{r} 10 - 8 = 2 \\ 2 + 7 = 9 \end{array}$$

Benny has 9 apple slices left.

4. Match the addition number sentence to the subtraction number sentence. Fill in the missing numbers.

$14 - 8 = \underline{6}$

$16 - 8 = \underline{8}$

$8 + \underline{8} = 16$

$8 + \underline{6} = 14$

I can start at 8 on the number path and hop 2 squares to get to 10 and then 4 more hops and I'm at 14.  $2 + 4 = 6$